SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017

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SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors South Tahoe Public Utility District South Lake Tahoe, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of South Tahoe Public Utility District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of South Tahoe Public Utility District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension related schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures. These additional procedures included comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on 2016 Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2016 basic financial statements (not presented herein), and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 3, 2016. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2017, on our consideration of South Tahoe Public Utility District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering South Tahoe Public Utility District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California October 19, 2017

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Financial Highlights

The District has long been addressing the aging water system infrastructure, including undersized waterlines. A major water infrastructure replacement program was started in the early 90's, and since then more than \$79 million of infrastructure has been placed into service. With advances in asset management tools, the District now utilizes a strategic set of criteria to determine construction priorities. In fiscal year 2016-17, the District invested more than \$2.2 million in water infrastructure.

Approximately 10% of the water distribution system is undersized and does not provide appropriate fire protection. The waterline, pumping, and storage replacement program improves water quality, quantity, and fire suppression capabilities. As a public service, each waterline project also includes installation of fire hydrants at 500-foot intervals. During fiscal year 2016-17, the District spent \$.7 million on fire hydrant installations.

The District is continuing to install water meters on all service connections to meet the California state mandate, which requires all water providers with greater than 3,000 service connections be completely metered by 2025. During fiscal year 2010-11, the District began by completing installation of approximately 2,500 meters funded with a \$4.4 million grant. Through the end of 2016-17, approximately 6,500 additional meters have been installed. These additional installations increased the portion of the water system metered to approximately 65%. The amount spent on meter installations in fiscal year 2016-17 was \$1.3 million. The remaining unmetered service connections will have meters installed within the next four years and will be funded with a low-cost \$14 million loan secured through the California State Water Resources Control Board. The loan has a thirty-year term with an interest rate of 1.8% and includes \$4 million in principle forgiveness.

The Sewer Enterprise Fund also continues investing in its infrastructure. In fiscal year 2016-17 \$6.7 million was invested in sewer infrastructure improvements. Two significant projects which have been in the planning and design phase over the last few years broke ground in fiscal year 2015-16. The total investment in these pumping and recycled water land application critical infrastructure improvements will be approximately \$13.5 million, of which \$12.6 million has been spent through June 30, 2017. These projects are being funded with low cost loans through the California State Water Resources Control Board.

- During the year more than \$10 million was invested in sewer and water infrastructure.
- Net position of the District increased \$2.8 million or 1.4%.
- The Sewer and Water Enterprise Funds' income is \$2,011,034 and \$312,012, respectively.
- Operating revenue is up 7.9% due to an increase in service charge rates and water consumption.
- Operating expenses are up 9.2%, but came in 3.0% under budget.
- In fiscal year 2016-17, the District was awarded competitive grants totaling more than \$.6 million, following more than \$.7 million awarded in 2015-16 and \$.9 million awarded in 2014-15. These grants will fund, among other things, waterline replacements, water pumping facilities, and water conservation programs.

South Tahoe Public Utility District

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – CONTINUED For the year ended June 30, 2017

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements are the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. An important part of the basic financial statements is the accompanying notes, which provide the users additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Preceding the basic financial statements is Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position includes the District's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position account for revenue, expenses, and capital contributions and calculates the change in net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position serve as a key indicator of the District's financial position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides the details on the changes in cash and cash equivalents during the year. By contrast the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position are prepared on an accrual basis, meaning revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred regardless of the timing of cash receipts and payments.

Net Position

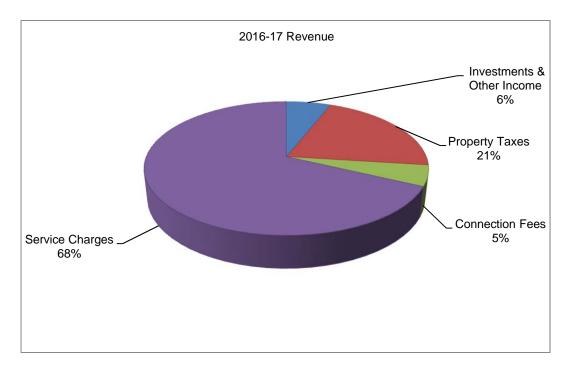
The condensed Statement of Net Position below shows the District is investing in capital assets while keeping its debt at manageable levels. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District was required to implement GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Under the new GASB standards, each participating cost-sharing employer is required to report its actuarially determined proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred outflows/deferred inflows of resources in their financial statements determined in conformity with GASB 68. Previously to GASB 68, the District was only required to report the actual payments submitted to the pension plan as an expense and no liability or deferred inflows/deferred outflows. The net pension liability reported in the Statement of Net Position for years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$8.6 million and \$7.0 million respectively. For more information on the District's pension plan, see Note 9 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Net Position (in thousands)

	June	: 30		
	2017	2016	Change	Change
Current and other Capital assets	\$ 51,136 216,615	\$ 44,979 213,305	\$ 6,157 3,310	13.7% 1.5%
Total assets	\$267,751	\$258,284	\$9,467	3.7%
Deferred outflows of resources	\$5,543	\$4,573	\$970	21.2%
Debt outstanding Net Pension Liability Other liabilities	\$ 42,296 8,640 12,477	\$ 39,339 7,012 9,035	\$2,957 1,628 3,442	7.5% 23.2% 38.1%
Total liabilities	\$ 63,413	\$ 55,386	\$ 8,027	14.5%
Deferred inflows of resources	\$8,368	\$8,747	(\$379)	(4.3%)
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for security deposits Restricted for capital asset purchases Restricted for debt service payment Unrestricted	\$172,100 165 3,000 1,117 25,132	\$173,966 165 464 877 23,252	(\$ 1,866) 0 2,536 240 1,880	(1.1%) 0.0% 546.5% 27.4% 8.1%
Total net position	\$201,513	\$198,724	\$2,789	1.4%

Revenue and Expenses

The District finances sewer and water operations through user charges, property tax receipts, and other income. Total revenue for fiscal year 2016-17 is \$35.3 million, a \$2.7 million or 8.3% increase from the prior year. The 2017 service charge revenue is up from the prior year, reflecting a 6.0% increase in sewer rates, a 6.5% increase in water rates and an increase in water consumed. Connection fees are up \$.2 million or 11.3% reflecting to a slight increase in both commercial and residential development. Property tax revenue is up by \$386,000 or 5.4%, compared to the prior year reflecting an increase in property assessed values. El Dorado County estimates that gross property tax collections will be up approximately 6.4% for 2017-18. While overall investment income is down by 61% due to the fair market value adjustments, actual interest income is up by \$74,892. Other income is up compared to the prior year due to the timing of grant receipts.

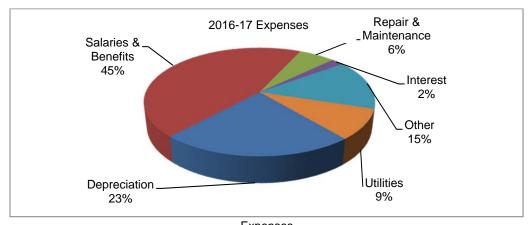


Revenues (in thousands)

	June	30		
	2017	2016	Change	Change
Service charges	\$24,054	\$22,357	\$ 1,697	7.6%
Connection fees	1,807	1,624	183	11.3%
Other	344	302	42	13.9%
Total operating revenue	26,205	24,283	1,922	7.9%
Property taxes	7,492	7,106	386	5.4%
Investments	156	405	(249)	(61.5%)
Other	1,420	784	636	81.1%
Total non-operating revenue	9,068	8,295	773	9.3%
Total revenue	\$35,273	\$32,578	\$ 2,695	8.3%

Revenue and Expenses - Continued

Total operating expenses for the current year are \$31.9 million, up \$2.7 million from the prior year. The combined salaries and benefits are up \$1.5 million or 11.1%. The year over year change of the required GASB 68 adjustment to pension expense accounted for \$1.1 million of the \$1.5 million. The District's policy is to capitalize labor associated with capital projects. The capitalized portion of salaries and benefits is not accounted for in operating expenses, as it is included in capital assets on the Statement of Net Position. The amount of capitalized labor for fiscal year 2017 was \$1,163,763 compared to \$1,006,564 in the prior year. The GASB 68 pension expense adjustment for fiscal year 2017 was \$199,433 compared to \$1.3 million in the prior year. Similar to the capitalized labor, this adjustment impacts the Statement of Net Position. When comparing salary and benefit totals year-to-year prior to the reductions for the capitalized labor and the GASB 68 adjustment, the 2017 increase over the prior year was \$475,740 or 3.1%. The increase to salaries was \$181,781 or 1.8% while \$293,959 or 5.5% was the increase to benefits. The increase to salaries represents a 2% cost of living increase and staff turnover. The majority of the increase to benefits is due to a 12% increase to health insurance premiums and a 2.3% increase to CalPERS expense. Depreciation is up reflecting a continued investment in infrastructure projects. Utilities are up due to an increase in rates charged by the power provider and increased sewer flows pumped into the treatment plant. Repair and maintenance expenditures fluctuate year to year based on unexpected or planned projects. Combined operating and non-operating other expenses fluctuate year to year depending on the level of contracted and other professional services utilized by the District. Interest expense is up reflecting additional debt service on new loans through the State Water Resource Control Board.



Expenses (in thousands)

	June	e 30		
	2017	2016	Change	Change
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	\$14,728	\$13,257	\$ 1,471	11.1%
Depreciation	7,680	7,521	159	2.1%
Utilities	2,937	2,739	198	7.2%
Repair and maintenance	1,934	1,744	190	10.9%
Other	4,605	3,938	667	16.9%
Total operating expenses	31,884	29,199	2,685	9.2%
Non-operating expenses:				
Interest expense	813	739	74	10.0%
Other	252	224	28	12.5%
Total non-operating				
expenses	1,065	963	102	10.6%
Total expenses	\$32,949	\$30,162	\$ 2,787	9.2%

Revenue and Expenses - Continued

The fiscal year 2016-17 income before capital contributions is \$2.3 million as compared to the budgeted income of \$2.1 million and the actual prior year income of \$2.4 million. For the year, capital contributions increased net position an additional \$.5 million.

Changes in Net Position

(in thousands)

	June	30		
	2017	2016	Change	Change
Beginning net position	\$198,724	\$195,922	\$2,802	1.4%
Income before contributions	2,323	2,416	(93)	(3.8%)
Capital contributions	466	386	80	20.1%
Changes in net position	2,789	2,802	(13)	(0.5%)
Ending net position	\$201,513	\$198,724	\$2,789	1.4%

Capital Assets

The District's investment in its sewer and water systems is \$217 million at the end of the fiscal year net of depreciation. During the year, more than \$10 million was spent on new infrastructure and equipment. \$2.8 million was spent on water system improvements. As noted in the highlights, new waterlines improve system reliability, water pressure, and fire flow capability. For the year \$7.9 was invested in sewer system improvements including treatment upgrades, line protection, and recycled effluent projects.

<u>Capital Assets</u> (net of depreciation, in thousands)

	Sev	ver	Wa	ater	Tota	al
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2016 2017	
Land and easements	\$ 22,843	\$ 22,843	\$ 1,903	\$ 1,903	\$ 24,746	\$ 24,746
Water rights Plant and	-	-	1,668	1,668	1,668	1,668
equipment Construction in	80,813	82,731	85,450	84,025	166,263	166,756
Progress	21,986	16,584	1,952	3,551	23,938	20,135
Total	\$125,642	\$122,158	\$90,973	\$91,147	\$216,615	\$213,305

For additional information on Capital Assets, see Note 4 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

The District prefers to avoid funding capital improvement projects with debt, but will do so when necessary to keep service rates at reasonable levels. The last time the District received a formal credit rating in 2012, Fitch Ratings affirmed the District's ratings of AA+ for both Water and Sewer Funds, while Standard and Poor's increased its rating for the Sewer Fund to AA from AA- and affirmed the Water Fund rating of AA-. At year-end, the District had \$42.3 million in installment sales and loans outstanding as detailed below. As always, grant opportunities and low-interest subsidized loans are pursued by the District.

Outstanding Debt at Year End (in thousands)

	June 30,		
	2017	2016	
Sewer Enterprise Fund:			
California State Revolving Loan Fund (secured by sewer revenue)	1,948	2,062	
California State Revolving Loan Fund (secured by sewer revenue)	764	802	
California State Revolving Loan Fund (secured by sewer revenue)	1,050	1,106	
California State Revolving Loan Fund (secured by sewer revenue)	5,724	2,647	
California State Revolving Loan Fund (secured by sewer revenue)	3,709	2,468	
Sewer Refunding (secured by sewer revenue)	6,331	6,853	
Sewer Refunding (secured by sewer revenue)	6,957	7,798	
Installment Sale Agreement (secured by sewer revenue)	5,172	5,438	
Total sewer enterprise fund	31,655	29,174	
Water Enterprise Fund:			
Water Refunding (secured by water revenue)	6,039	6,662	
California State Revolving Loan Fund (secured by water revenue)	3,503	3,503	
California State Revolving Loan Fund (secured by water revenue)	1,099	0	
Total water enterprise fund	10,641	10,165	
Total debt	\$ 42,296	\$ 39,339	

For additional information on Outstanding Debt, see Note 6 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's elected officials, customers, investors, and creditors with an assessment of the District's financial condition and an accounting of the public's money. If you have questions about this report or need more financial information, contact the Chief Financial Officer, South Tahoe Public Utility District, 1275 Meadow Crest Drive, South Lake Tahoe, CA 96150.



SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2016)

Business-type Activities

		Enterprise Funds			_	Total			
		Sewer Water		_	2017	_	2016		
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	\$	5,097,771 2,960,352	\$	3,429,603 1,268,721	\$	8,527,374 4,229,073	\$	12,911,328 4,106,919	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance (Note 3) Due from governmental agencies (Note 3) Property tax receivable Interest receivable		304,336 669,178 7,519,073 86,088		972,292 863,835 - 27,485		1,276,628 1,533,013 7,519,073 113,573		1,308,134 281,048 7,078,816 73,457	
Other current assets	_	305,571	_	804,289	_	1,109,860	_	1,047,175	
Total current assets	_	16,942,369	_	7,366,225	_	24,308,594	_	26,806,877	
Noncurrent assets Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Certificate of deposit (Note 2)	_	1,344,955 50,000	_	239,843 115,000	_	1,584,798 165,000	_	1,341,302 165,000	
Total restricted assets	_	1,394,955	_	354,843	_	1,749,798	_	1,506,302	
Long-term accounts receivable (Note 3) Due from governmental agencies, net of allowance (Note 3) Interfund loan (Note 8) Investments (Note 2) Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	_	525,745 53,020 3,000,000 15,011,956 125,641,681	_	- 53,020 - 6,433,695 90,973,411	_	525,745 106,040 3,000,000 21,445,651 216,615,092	_	471,302 106,040 - 16,088,172 213,304,936	
Total noncurrent assets	_	145,627,357	_	97,814,969	_	243,442,326	_	231,476,752	
Total Assets	_	162,569,726	_	105,181,194	_	267,750,920	_	258,283,629	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Refunding loan costs Changes in the net pension liability (Note 9)		232,971 3,244,168	_	21,349 2,044,812		254,320 5,288,980	_	292,011 4,281,274	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	3,477,139	\$_	2,066,161	\$_	5,543,300	\$_	4,573,285	

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued) JUNE 30, 2017** (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2016)

		/pe Activities se Funds	Total			
	Sewer	Water	2017	2016		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current liabilities Accounts payable and other liabilities Unearned revenue (Note 5) Accrued expenses Accrued interest payable Compensated absences - current portion (Note 7) Long term liabilities - current portion (Note 6)	\$ 2,124,465 816,229 833,422 398,423 771,153 1,884,654	\$ 781,039 842,996 460,024 73,796 530,473 776,580	\$ 2,905,504 1,659,225 1,293,446 472,219 1,301,626 2,661,234	\$ 2,274,316 1,418,764 1,646,205 381,210 987,434 2,517,509		
Total current liabilities	6,828,346	3,464,908	10,293,254	9,225,438		
Noncurrent liabilities Compensated absences - long term portion (Note 7) Interfund loan (Note 8) Long term liabilities - long term portion (Note 6) Net pension liability (Note 9) Total long-term liabilities	1,083,874 - 29,770,121 5,283,697 36,137,692	761,475 3,000,000 9,864,457 3,356,176 16,982,108	1,845,349 3,000,000 39,634,578 8,639,873 53,119,800	2,327,117 - 36,821,392 		
Total Liabilities	42,966,038	20,447,016	63,413,054	55,386,319		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property tax receivable Changes in the net pension liability (Note 9) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,519,073 498,575 8,017,648	- <u>349,981</u> 349,981	7,519,073 848,556 8,367,629	7,078,816 1,667,784 8,746,600		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for security deposits Restricted for debt service payment Unrestricted - designated for capital asset purchases Unrestricted	94,688,053 50,000 876,779 - 19,448,347	77,412,109 115,000 239,843 3,000,000 5,683,406	172,100,162 165,000 1,116,622 3,000,000 25,131,753	173,966,035 165,000 876,779 464,523 23,251,658		

Total Net Position

\$<u>115,063,179</u> \$<u>86,450,358</u> \$<u>201,513,537</u> \$<u>198,723,995</u>

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016)

Business-type Activities

T-1-1

		Enterprise Funds		Total				
		Sewer		Water		2017		2016
OPERATING REVENUE		_						
Charges for sales and services:								
Service charges	\$	12,807,329	\$	11,246,959	\$	24,054,288	\$	22,356,964
Connection and service fees	·	1,276,623		530,410		1,807,033		1,623,742
Other operating income		150,747	-	192,967	-	343,714	_	301,952
Total operating revenues	_	14,234,699	_	11,970,336	_	26,205,035	_	24,282,658
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries, wage and employee benefits		8,907,771		5,820,722		14,728,493		13,256,886
Depreciation and amortization		4,624,254		3,056,171		7,680,425		7,520,917
Utilities		2,213,358		723,628		2,936,986		2,739,345
Repairs and maintenance		1,018,327		915,469		1,933,796		1,744,263
Other operating expenses	_	2,835,167	-	1,769,342	-	4,604,509	_	3,938,180
Total operating expenses	_	19,598,877	_	12,285,332	_	31,884,209	_	29,199,591
OPERATING LOSS	_	(5,364,178)	_	(314,996)	_	(5,679,174)	_	(4,916,933)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)								
Tax revenue		7,460,006		31,927		7,491,933		7,106,309
Investment earnings		147,002		8,944		155,946		405,293
Aid from governmental agencies		553,835		503,881		1,057,716		357,044
Other nonoperating income		116,703		245,472		362,175		426,582
Interest expense		(694,135)		(119,020)		(813,155)		(738,504)
Other expense	_	(208,199)	-	(44,196)	-	(252,395)	_	(224,345)
Total nonoperating revenue	_	7,375,212	_	627,008	_	8,002,220	_	7,332,379
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	_	2,011,034	_	312,012	_	2,323,046	_	2,415,446
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS								
Capital contributions	_	115,343	_	351,153	_	466,496	_	385,971
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	_	2,126,377	_	663,165	_	2,789,542	_	2,801,417
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	112,936,802	_	85,787,193	_	198,723,995	_	195,922,578
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	115,063,179	\$_	86,450,358	\$_	201,513,537	\$_	198,723,995

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016)

	Business-ty Enterpris		To	tal
	Sewer	Water	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers Receipts from other funds Other operating receipts Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments to other funds Other operating payments	\$ 14,021,319 - 150,747 (2,002,511) (8,657,553) (3,000,000) (2,835,167)	\$11,933,151 3,000,000 - (2,727,796) (5,960,001) - (1,769,342)	\$ 25,954,470 3,000,000 150,747 (4,730,307) (14,617,554) (3,000,000) (4,604,509)	\$ 24,900,048 - 301,952 (3,324,895) (14,167,937) - (3,938,180)
NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,323,165)	4,476,012	2,152,847	3,770,988
CASH FLOW FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Tax revenue Payments from/(to) governmental agencies	7,460,006 (634,202)	31,927 521,693	7,491,933 (112,509)	7,443,348 1,296,973
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	6,825,804	553,620	7,379,424	8,740,321
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of capital assets Repayment of debt Proceeds from issuance of debt Interest paid on notes payable Contributed capital	(8,136,647) (1,836,863) 4,317,443 (601,313)	(2,890,789) (622,261) 1,098,593 (119,020) 351,153	(11,027,436) (2,459,124) 5,416,036 (720,333) 351,153	(15,587,286) (2,398,696) 6,293,192 (842,095) 385,971
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(6,257,380)	<u>(2,182,324</u>)	(8,439,704)	<u>(12,148,914</u>)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment earnings Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from sale of assets	419,233 (17,813,964) 11,804,626	57,349 (6,013,239) 6,312,970	476,582 (23,827,203) 18,117,596	338,468 (14,915,000) 14,565,682 20,348
NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(5,590,105)	357,080	(5,233,025)	9,498
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(7,344,846)	3,204,388	(4,140,458)	371,893
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	13,787,572	465,058	14,252,630	13,880,737
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>6,442,726</u>	\$ <u>3,669,446</u>	\$ <u>10,112,172</u>	\$ <u>14,252,630</u>

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016)

Business-type Activities

Total

2016

2017

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO

NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY OPERATING
ACTIVITIES

NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$ (5,364,178)	\$ (314,996) \$	(5,679,174) \$	(4,916,933)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for (provided by) operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization	4,624,254	3,056,171	7,680,425	7,520,917
Net change in deferred outflows and inflows	(635,893)	(713,093)	(1,348,986)	(2,312,059)
Increase in receivables	(127,040)	(213,238)	(340,278)	692,062
Decrease in due from other funds	(3,000,000)	-	(3,000,000)	-
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(38,090)	(98,052)	(136,142)	215,251
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,339,033	(707,845)	631,188	869,005
Increase in pension liability	992,775	634,726	1,627,501	1,067,244
Increase in unearned revenue	64,407	176,053	240,460	227,280
Increase in due to other funds	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-
Decrease in other payables	(178,433)	(343,714)	(522,147)	408,221

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

ACTIVITIES

Decrease in fair value of investments	Φ.	(130.779) \$	(72 164) \$	(202 943)	66.825
Decrease in fair value of investments	Φ	(130,779) \$	(72,104) 5	(202,943)	00,023

NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY OPERATING \$ (2,323,165) \$ 4,476,012 \$ 2,152,847 \$

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the District includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the District's Board of Directors. Management has determined the District to be a single reporting entity for financial reporting purposes by applying the criteria set forth in Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* This criteria requires the reporting entity to have a separate elected governing body, that it be a legal separate entity and fiscally independent.

Based on the foregoing criteria; the following funds are included in the District's annual report and are combined for financial reporting purposes:

- Sewer Enterprise Fund
- Water Enterprise Fund

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States.

Measurement Focus

The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

The financial records of the District are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable; expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

C. Budget

The District develops and adopts an annual budget; however, this budget is a management tool and is not a legal requirement.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers cash and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, deposits in financial institutions, money market accounts, certificates of deposit and pooled investments. Cash and cash equivalents invested for specific requirements, such as deposits for construction projects, are segregated as restricted cash and cash equivalents.

Deposits of cash and cash equivalents must comply with the District's Investment Policy which complies with the California Government Code. The policy requires deposits in financial institutions to be FDIC insured or fully collateralized.

E. Investments

Investments consist of unrestricted and restricted federal agency notes, corporate notes and commercial paper. The District records its investments at fair value. Changes in fair value are reported as investment income in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

The Chief Financial Officer invests monies not required for the immediate operations of the District, in accordance with the District's Investment Policy.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Reserves

The District uses the term "reserves" to refer to all cash and investments belonging to the District at any given time. The District's policy is to have reserves to adequately provide for infrastructure replacement, economic uncertainties, loss of revenue sources, local disasters and catastrophic events, cash flow requirements and unfunded mandates (i.e. new regulatory requirements). In addition, adequate reserves are an essential part of sound financial management and reflect positively on the District's credit standing. Reserves are based on management's estimates for the cash needs of the District, and estimates may vary from actual.

The reserve Policy adopted by the Board of Directors establishes the minimum and maximum amount of reserves for operations, capital, self-insurance and rate stabilization and when to use reserves.

G. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost, using the first in first out method (FIFO). Inventory consists of supplies used in the maintenance of water and sewer lines. The cost is recorded as an expense as inventory items are consumed.

H. Property and Equipment

Capital assets are recorded at cost except in those cases where facilities are donated by private developers or special assessment districts. In the latter cases, assets are recorded at fair market value. At the date of donation, assets are capitalized when they are expected to have useful lives of three years or greater and the original cost is \$5,000 or more. All depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

	Years
Sewer Enterprise	
Subsurface lines	10-70
Sewage collection facilities	5-40
Sewage treatment	3-40
Sewage disposal	5-100
General plant and administration	3-50
Water Enterprise Source of supply Pumping plant Water treatment plant Transmission and distribution General plant	10-40 12-30 4-35 20-74 3-20

I. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the District's service. For employees hired after January 1, 2013, earned but unused sick time will not be paid upon separation from the District's services. The cost of vacation and sick leave is recorded in the period accrued.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Pension Plan

Beginning with the June 30, 2013 valuations that set the 2015-16 rates, the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) employed an amortization and smoothing asset valuation policy that will pay for all gains and losses over a fixed 30-year period, with the increases or decreases in the rate spread directly over a 5-year period. PERS determines the expected value of assets (using the assumed actuarial rate of return) and adds one-fifteenth of the difference between the actual market value of assets and the expected value of assets to equal the asset valuation. In addition, the value of assets will not be less than 80% or greater than 120% of the actual market value of assets. The PERS actuarial methodology serves to diminish short-term market value fluctuations on employer contribution rates.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Tahoe Public Utility District PERS (the Plan), and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

K. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are grant monies received from the federal and state government in aid of construction, and assets contributed by Special Assessment Districts or real estate developers.

L. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Operating and Non-operating Revenues

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations of sewer and water services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

N. Restricted Resources

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. Net Position

Net position represents the residual interest in District's assets and deferred outflows after liabilities and deferred inflows are deducted. Net position is presented in three broad components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and outstanding principal balances of debt and related deferred outflows and inflows attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is restricted when constraints are imposed by third parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All other net position is unrestricted. Operating losses outside of depreciation are funded by operating and capital reserves.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. Comparative Information

Comparative data for the prior year have been presented in certain sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with current year's presentation.

R. Future Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

These statements are not effective until July 1, 2017 or later and may be applicable for the District. However, the District has not determined the effects, if any, on the financial statements.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 85

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). Application of this statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The District has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Application of this statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The District has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents:

Unrestricted: Cash on hand Unrestricted deposits in financial institutions Deposits in Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Deposits in El Dorado County Treasury Deposits in California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	\$ 2,450 910,663 7,348,546 189,307 76,408
Total unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>8,527,374</u>
Restricted: Deposits in CAMP Restricted for debt service payment Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	468,176 1,116,622 1,584,798
Total cash and cash equivalents	10,112,172
Investments:	
Unrestricted: Federal agency and instrumentalities U.S corporate debt Commercial paper U.S. Treasury obligations Negotiable certificates of deposit Total unrestricted investments	6,140,492 9,371,578 399,762 5,041,566 4,721,326
Restricted:	
Certificates of deposit	165,000
Total investments	25,839,724
Total cash and investments	\$ 35,951,896

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations Federal agency and instrumentalities	5 Years	None	None
Callable	5 Years	25%	None
Asset backed securities	5 Years	20%	None
Other	5 Years	None	None
Supranationals	5 Years	30%	None
U.S. corporate debt	5 Years	30%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	10%
Commercial paper	270 days	25%	10%
Bank deposits	N/A	20%	10%
Bankers acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Pooled investment funds			
LAIF	N/A	None	None
CAMP	N/A	None	None
El Dorado County pool	N/A	None	None
Money market funds	N/A	20%	10%

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One way the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities. A portion of the portfolio is always maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for the District's operations and capital improvement program.

In addition, the Investment Policy limits purchase of securities to those with maturities of five years or less. Longer investments require prior authorization of the Board of Directors. Certain investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations are prohibited by the Investment Policy.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following tables that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2017:

Investment Mat	urities (in years)
Fair Value	Less than 1

Investment Type	 Fair Value		Less than 1		1-2	3-5		
Federal agency and instrumentalities U.S. corporate debt	\$ 6,140,492	\$	130,039	\$	1,684,851	\$	4,325,602	
Commercial paper	9,371,578		1,100,764 399,762		1,904,009		6,366,805	
U.S. Treasury obligations Negotiable certificates of deposit	 5,041,566 4,886,326	_	- 2,723,510		2,523,870 2,162,816		2,517,696 -	
	\$ 25,839,724	\$_	4,354,075	\$	8,275,546	\$	13,210,103	

As provided in the Investment Policy, the District should target a maximum allocation of 25% to callable Federal agency securities.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the Holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2017 for each investment type.

			Rating as of F	iscal Year End
Investment Type		Total	S&P	N/A
Federal agency and instrumentalities	\$	6,046,266	AA+	
Federal agency and instrumentalities		94,226		Not rated
U.S. corporate debt		2,241,585	AAA	
U.S. corporate debt		560,987	AA+	
U.S. corporate debt		325,568	AA	
U.S. corporate debt		1,021,203	AA-	
U.S. corporate debt		1,160,675	A+	
U.S. corporate debt		1,627,082	Α	
U.S. corporate debt		752,800	A-	
U.S. corporate debt		662,160	BBB+	
U.S. corporate debt		1,019,518		Not rated
Commercial paper		399,762		Not rated
U.S. Treasury obligations		5,041,566	AAA	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		799,640	AA-	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		399,764	A+	
Negotiable certificates of deposit	_	3,686,922		Not rated
	\$	25,839,724		

Concentration Risk

Concentration risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investor's investment in a single issuer. To limit concentration risk, the District places a 10% limit on investments in any one non-governmental issuer. Investments exceeding 5% of the total investments, excluding external investment pools, as of June 30, 2017 were U.S. Treasury obligations and Federal Agency notes which totaled 20% and 23% of the total investments, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the depositor will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The District's Investment Policy requires the financial institution to either collateralize the deposits or cover them with Federal deposit insurance. The District's cash and deposits in financial institutions, totaling \$1,147,395 as of June 30, 2017, are secured by federal depository insurance for \$415,000 with the remainder covered by collateral held by an agent of the pledging bank in the District's name.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the investor will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To eliminate investment custodial credit risk, the District's Investment Policy requires that all cash and securities in the District's portfolio be held in safekeeping in the District's name by a third party bank trust department, acting as agent for the District, under the terms of a custody agreement.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Pooled Investment Funds

Pooled investment funds consist of cash deposited in the interest-bearing El Dorado County Treasurer's Pooled Surplus Investment Fund, LAIF, and CAMP.

The fair value of the pooled investments deposited in the El Dorado County Treasurer's Pooled Surplus Investment Fund and CAMP are equal to the value of the pool shares, and the fair value of the pooled investments deposited in the California state pool is greater than the fair value of the pool shares.

The District's deposits are maintained in recognized pooled investments funds under the care of oversight agencies. The El Dorado County Treasurer's Investment Fund has a Treasury Policy Oversight Committee in addition to annual audits. The LAIF, in addition to being part of a Pooled Money Investment Account with oversight provided by the Pooled Money Investment Board and an in-house Investment Committee, also has oversight by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board. The CAMP is a trust under the oversight of the CAMP Board of Trustees.

Because the District's deposits are maintained in recognized pooled investment funds under the care of a third party and the District's share of the pool does not consist of specific identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits is required. The District's deposits in the funds are considered to be highly liquid. The El Dorado County Treasurer, LAIF, and CAMP representatives have indicated there are no derivatives in the pools as of June 30, 2017. LAIF does invest in structured notes and asset-based securities.

Investment Valuation

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District does not have any investments that are measured using Level 1 and 3 inputs.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the District's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2017.

	Level 1		Level 2		 Level 3		Total		
Federal agency and instrumentalities	\$	_	\$	6,140,492	\$ -	\$	6,140,492		
U.S corporate debt		-		9,371,578	-		9,371,578		
Commercial paper		-		399,762	-		399,762		
U.S. Treasury obligations		-		5,041,566	-		5,041,566		
Negotiable certificates of deposit		-		4,886,326	 -		4,886,326		
Total assets at fair value	\$ <u></u>	-	\$	25,839,724	\$ -	\$_	25,839,724		

NOTE 3: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

Short-term receivables at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

		Sewer		Water	Total		
Customer receivables Due from Federal Government	\$	310,530 501,883	\$	649,100 258,750	\$	959,630 760,633	
Due from State Government Due from El Dorado County Other receivables		125,471 41,824 52,134		214,287 390,798 370,694		339,758 432,622 422,828	
Allowance for doubtful accounts		1,031,842 (58,328)	_	1,883,629 (47,502)		2,915,471 (105,830)	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$ <u></u>	973,514	\$	1,836,127	\$	2,809,641	

Long-term receivables at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

		Sewer	Water	Total		
Other receivables Due from State Government	\$	525,745 73,020	\$ - 73,020	\$	525,745 146,040	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	_	598,765 (20,000)	73,020 (20,000)		671,785 (40,000)	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$	578,765	\$ 53,020	\$	631,785	

Other receivables are submitted to the county of El Dorado for collection through a special property tax assessment or if unpaid, ultimately through foreclosure on the property.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	June 30, 2016	_	Additions		etirements	<u>Transfers</u>		J	une 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated Land and easement Water rights Construction in progress	\$ 24,745,627 1,668,308 20,135,737	\$	- - 7,715,678	\$	- - (36,745)	\$	- - (3,877,144)	\$	24,745,627 1,668,308 23,937,526
Total capital assets not being depreciated	46,549,672	_	7,715,678	_	(36,745)		(3,877,144)	_	50,351,461
Capital assets being depreciated Plant and equipment	303,025,302	_	3,311,758	_	(254,351)	_	3,877,144	_	309,959,853
Less accumulated depreciation Plant and equipment	(136,270,038)	_	(7,680,425)	_	254,241			_	(143,696,222)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	166,755,264	_	(4,368,667)	_	(110)	_	3,877,144	_	166,263,631
Capital assets, net	\$ <u>213,304,936</u>	\$	3,347,011	\$	(36,855)	\$	-	\$_	216,615,092

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Construction in progress as of June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

Aeration basin	\$	1,005,211
Alpine County Master Plan	Ψ	1,295,525
BMP projects, sewer		174,936
BMP projects, water		201,519
• • •		189,305
C-Line energy generation C-Line reroute		,
		236,334
Collection system master plan		731,829
Concrete coating project		187,101
DVR emergency storage basin		146,188
DVR environmental impact report		769,991
DVR irrigation improvements		10,108,443
DVR nutrient management		84,867
ERP System		87,911
Fallen Leaf Lake upgrades		101,289
Fire hydrants project		150,728
Heavenly system improvements		301,628
Luther Pass Pump Station power controls		5,523,701
Meters project		462,398
Primary clarifiers rehab		314,787
Tallac Creek sewer crossing		60,060
Treatment plant generator		597,639
Water system optimization plan		484,518
Waterline evaluations		86,448
Waterline Ponderosa		84,916
Wildwood interceptor		294,168
Other projects		256,086

\$ 23,937,526

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was charged to the different activities as follows:

Sewer	\$	4,624,254
Water	_	3,056,171
	\$	7,680,425

NOTE 5: UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue represents revenues that had been collected or billed, but not yet earned. Unearned revenue consisted of the following at June 30, 2017:

	 Sewer	 Water	 Total
Connection fee deposits Other unearned revenue	\$ 803,819 12,410	\$ 812,079 30,917	\$ 1,615,898 43,327
	\$ 816,229	\$ 842,996	\$ 1,659,225

NOTE 6: LONG TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Jı	une 30, 2016		Additions	R	eductions	<u>J</u> (une 30, 2017		Current Portion
SRF Luther Pass Pump Station	\$	2,061,671	\$	-	\$	(113,308)	\$	1,948,363	\$	116,368
SRF Headworks		801,869		-		(37,792)		764,077		38,812
SRF Emergency Retention Basin		1,105,820		-		(56,171)		1,049,649		57,688
2011 Sewer Installment Agreement		5,438,399		-		(266,441)		5,171,958		276,255
2012 Sewer Refunding		7,798,015		-		(840,711)		6,957,304		860,159
2013 Sewer Refunding		6,853,311		-		(522,440)		6,330,871		535,372
2013 Water Refunding		6,661,588		-		(622,261)		6,039,327		636,466
SRF Meters Phase 1		3,503,116		-		-		3,503,116		116,771
SRF Luther Pass Power		2,647,245		1,061,152		-		3,708,397		-
SRF Diamond Valley Irrigation Improvement		2,467,867		3,256,290		-		5,724,157		-
SRF Meters Phase 2	_		_	1,098,593	_		_	1,098,593	_	23,343
Total	\$_	39,338,901	\$_	5,416,035	\$_	(2,459,124)	\$_	42,295,812	\$_	2,661,234

A description of the long-term liabilities at June 30, 2017 follows:

SRF Luther Pass Pump Station

2011 California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Fund loan secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due October 15, 2030, payable \$168,973 annually, including interest at 2.7%. The original amount of the debt was \$2,485,968 and was used for construction of the Luther Pass Pump Station Generator Replacement project. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 0.7% of total sewer revenues.

SRF Headworks

2011 California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Fund loan secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due October 15, 2032, payable \$59,442 annually, including interest at 2.7%. The original amount of the debt was \$909,386 and was used for construction of the Headworks Replacement project. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 0.3% of total sewer revenues.

SRF Emergency Retention Basin

2011 California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Fund loan secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due October 15, 2031, payable \$86,029 annually, including interest at 2.7%. The original amount of the debt was \$1,344,698 and was used for construction of the Emergency Retention Basin Liner project. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 0.4% of total sewer revenues.

2011 Sewer Installment Agreement

2011 Sewer Installment Sale Agreement with BBVA Compass Bank, secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due August 1, 2031, payable \$231,267 semi-annually, including interest at 3.65%. The original amount of the debt was \$6,525,000 and was used for constructions of sewer infrastructure improvements. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 2.0% of total sewer revenues.

2012 Sewer Refunding

2012 Sewer Installment Sale Agreement with BBVA Compass Bank, secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due September 1, 2024, payable \$507,630 semi-annually, including interest at 2.3%. The original amount of the debt was \$10,605,000 and was used for construction of sewer infrastructure improvements and was also used to repay the 2004 Sewer Revenue Certificates of Participation, which funded sewer infrastructure improvements. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 4.5% of total sewer revenues.

NOTE 6: LONG TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

2013 Sewer Refunding

2013 Sewer Installment Sale Agreement with BBVA Compass Bank, secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due August 2027, payable \$343,919 semi-annually, including interest at 2.46%. The original amount of the debt was \$8,400,000 and was used to repay the 2007 Sewer Installment Sale Agreement, which funded sewer infrastructure improvements. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 3.0% of total sewer revenues.

2013 Water Refunding

2013 Water Installment Sale Agreement with BBVA Compass Bank, secured by a first lien against all water revenues, due January 30, 2030, payable \$384,984 semi-annually, including interest at 2.27%. The original amount of the debt was \$10,000,000 and was used for construction of water infrastructure improvements and was also used to repay the 2001 Water Refunding and 1999 Installment Sale Agreement, both of which funded water infrastructure improvements. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 5.8% of total water revenues.

SRF Meters Phase 1

2014 California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Fund Loan secured by a first lien against all water revenues, due January 1, 2047, payable \$58,385 semi-annually, including interest of 0%. The original amount of the debt was \$3,503,116 and was used for installation of water meters. Imputed interest for this loan is not material. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 0% of total water revenues.

SRF Luther Pass Power

2015 California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Fund Loan secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due August 31, 2046, payable \$188,154 annually, including interest of 1.6%. The original amount of the debt was \$4,444,057 and was used for construction of Luther Pass Pump Station upgrades. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 0.3% of total sewer revenues.

SRF Diamond Valley Ranch Irrigation Improvement

2015 California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Fund Loan secured by a first lien against all sewer revenues, due December 31, 2047, payable \$374,181 annually, including interest of 1.6%. The original amount of the debt was \$8,860,890 and was used for construction of the Diamond Valley Ranch Irrigation improvements. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 0.2% of total sewer revenues.

SRF Meters Phase 2

2017 California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Fund Loan secured by a first lien against all water revenues, due January 1, 2037, payable \$32,204 semi-annually, including interest of 1.6%. The original amount of the debt was \$1,098,593 and was used for installation of water meters. Imputed interest for this loan is not material. For the year ended June 30, 2017, principal and interest payments accounted for 0% of total water revenues.

NOTE 6: LONG TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Principal and interest maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

		Principal		Interest		Total
Years ending June 30,						
2018	\$	2,661,234	\$	798,963	\$	3,460,197
2019		2,996,316		-		2,996,316
2020		2,919,090		763,287		3,682,377
2021		2,838,602		696,577		3,535,179
2022		2,905,324		629,855		3,535,179
2023 - 2027		12,991,687		2,146,061		15,137,748
2028 - 2032		7,252,185		900,770		8,152,955
2033 - 2037		2,542,878		414,228		2,957,106
2038 - 2042		2,342,853		264,974		2,607,827
2043 - 2047		2,336,791		122,062		2,458,853
2048	_	508,852	_	6,273	_	515,125
	\$_	42,295,812	\$	6,743,050	\$_	49,038,862

Interest charges on debt, including amounts capitalized totaling \$106,461, for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$813,155.

Debt covenants for the installment sale agreements to BBVA Compass Bank and the California State Water Resource Control Board Revolving Fund include thresholds for minimum net water and sewer revenue and maximum outstanding debt obligations. The District is in compliance with the requirements as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 7: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences balance and activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Jui	ne 30, 2016	_	Additions	_	Reductions	Jur	ne 30, 2017	Current Portion
Compensated absences	\$	3,314,551	\$_	1,789,470	\$	(1,957,046)	\$	3,146,975	\$ 1,301,626

NOTE 8: INTERFUND LOAN

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the sewer fund loaned the water fund \$3 million to provide bridge funding for the water meter installation projects. This funding helps cover the expenses of the meter installations until the District is reimbursed from the Clean Water State Revolving Loan. The water fund is to reimburse the sewer fund, including interest, by June 30, 2021, when all remaining meter installations are expected to be complete and the District has been completely reimbursed from the loan funds. Interest on the loan will be paid at the same rate received by the District on its funds invested in the California Local Agency Investment Fund.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan), administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all others). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety and miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the safety or miscellaneous pools. The District sponsors two rate plans (both miscellaneous). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits.

The District has one local Miscellaneous Retirement Benefit Plan, with two tiers. Tier I benefits for members hired before January 1, 2013 are under the 2.7% @ 55 retirement formula, and Tier II benefits for members hired on or after January 1, 2013 are under the 2% at 62 retirement formula.

Tier I final compensation is calculated using the highest average pay rate and special compensation during a three year period. Tier I employee contributions are shared by the employer and employee. This tier and retirement formula is closed to employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 with the exception of employees considered to be Classic Members with a break in CalPERS qualified employment of less than 6 months and who did not receive a refund of their contributions on deposit with the retirement fund. Tier II final compensation is calculated using the highest average pay rate and special compensation during any consecutive three-year period. Tier II employee contributions are paid by the employee.

The rate plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan			
	Hired prior to	Hired on or after		
_	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit Formula	2.7% at 55	2.0% at 62		
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement Age	50 - 55	52 - 67		
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible Compensation	2.0% - 2.7%	1.0% - 2.5%		
Required Employee Contribution Rate	8.000%	6.250%		
Required Employer Contribution Rate	15.455%	6.564%		

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The District's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$1,369,744.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2017, the District reported a net pension liability of \$8,639,873 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan.

The District's net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability of the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to the Plan as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 was follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.25560 %
Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.24871 %
•	
Change - decrease	<u>(0.00689</u>)%

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,270,356. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows of Resources	De	ferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date Difference between actual contributions made by employer and the	\$	1,369,744	\$	-
employer's proportionate share of the risk pool's total contribution		771,615		-
Difference between actual and expected experience		36,007		-
Changes in assumptions		-		(441,910)
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		811,617		(406,646)
Net difference between projected and actual earning on plan investments		2,299,997		<u>-</u>
Total	\$ <u></u>	5,288,980	\$ <u></u>	(848,556)

\$1,369,744 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30,	_	
2018	\$	818,617
2019		656,883
2020		999,454
2021		595 726

NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2015 Measurement Date June 30, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65% net of pension plan investment expenses, includes inflation

Mortality (1) Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing protection allowance

floor on purchasing power applied, 2.75% thereafter

(1): The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more on this table, please refer to the 2014 Experience Study Report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions during the measurement period ended June 30, 2016. Deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions presented in the deferred outflows/inflows table above represents the portion of the changes of assumptions related to prior measurement periods.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective on July 1, 2015.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (continued)

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (1)	Real Return Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.0%	(0.55%)	(1.05%)

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disc	ount Rate - 1% (6.65%)	Current Discount Rate (7.65%)		 Discount Rate + 1% (8.65%)	
Net pension liability	\$	13,359,519	\$	8,639,873	\$ 4,739,321	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 10: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "457 Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The 457 Plan permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. A third party administrator maintains deferrals in a trust capacity. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency. Participants may elect to contribute, through salary reductions, up to the IRC (g) limit (\$18,000 in 2016).

The 457 Plan assets totaled \$15,991,195 at June 30, 2017. Plan assets consist of investments in mutual funds, which are held in trust and are considered protected from the general creditors of the District.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To protect the District from these risks, it is a member of a risk management program as discussed in Note 13. The District carries commercial insurance to protect against the risk of errors and omissions. For each of the three most recent years, settlement of claims has not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 12: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Contractual Obligations

At June 30, 2017, the District's significant contractual commitments with outside firms for engineering, construction, consulting, and various other services totaled approximately \$5.8 million.

At June 30, 2017, the District's management was in negotiations with various contractors regarding change orders for work performed prior to year-end. Management has made estimates for amounts due at year-end and had recorded them in accrued liabilities.

B. Contingencies

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the federal and state government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

The District is also subject to legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to such actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

NOTE 13: JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

The District is a member of a joint powers authority, California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA), for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program. The program covers workers' compensation, property and liability insurance. The membership includes public wastewater agencies within California. CSRMA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of representatives from member agencies, which controls the operations of the CSRMA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets.

The following is a summary of the most current audited financial information for CSRMA as of June 30, 2016 (the most recent information available):

Total assets	\$ 28,336,567
Total liabilities	16,735,609
Net assets	11,600,958
Total income	11,843,583
Total expense	10,946,085

If the District's deposits are not adequate to meet costs of claims and expenses, a retrospective adjustment to make up the difference, subject to minimum and maximum amounts, can take place. Coverage under this program has not changed and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The District is also a member of a joint powers authority, California Asset Management Program (CAMP), which provides professional investment services to California public agencies. Members of CAMP can participate in the Cash Reserve Portfolio. CAMP is governed by a Board of Trustees, which is made up of experienced local government finance directors, treasurers, and school business officials. Trustees control the operation of CAMP, including formation and implementation of its investment and operating policies.

NOTE 13: JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY (continued)

The following is a summary of the most current audited financial information for the CAMP portfolio as of December 31, 2016 (the most recent information available):

Total assets	\$ 2,031,800,222
Total liabilities	444,934
Net assets	2,031,355,288
Total income	11,533,541
Total expenses	2,407,424
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	9,126,177

Complete financial statements for CAMP can be obtained from the PFM Asset Management, LLC at 50 California Street, Suite 2300, San Francisco, California 94111.

The relationships between South Tahoe Public Utility District and the joint powers authorities are such that CSRMA and CAMP are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 14: PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien and levied on property as of January 1st. Taxes are due in two installments, on or before December 10th and April 10th. The District recognizes property tax receivables on January 1st and defers revenue recognition until the period for which the property taxes are levied (July 1st through June 30th). Property tax revenue is derived from property tax assessments levied within the entire District. The Board of Directors is using these funds to subsidize the Sewer Enterprise Fund operations. The District relies upon the competency of the County of El Dorado for assessing the property tax and establishing a lien date, and for billing, collecting and distributing its share of the property tax revenue.

NOTE 15: INVESTMENT EARNINGS

Investment earnings consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Interest income Realized and unrealized losses	\$	374,267 (218,321)			
	Φ	155 046			

NOTE 16: OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Other operating expenses consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Professional services	\$	1,573,028
Operating permits		446,777
Chemical supplies		250,019
Office expense		246,777
Insurance and unreimbursed claims		744,585
Travel, meetings, and education		201,245
Research and monitoring		45,460
Miscellaneous expense	_	1,096,618

4,604,509

NOTE 17: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 28, 2017, the District executed a construction installment sale agreement with the California State Water Resources Control Board for \$14,010,534 to fund phases three through five of the water meter installation project. Construction is to begin no later than June 20, 2017 and completed by October 15, 2020. The loan will be payable annually over 30 years, including interest of 1.8%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2017 LAST 10 YEARS *

	Measurement Period				
	_	2016	2015	2014	
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.24871 %	0.25560 %	0.24100 %	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,639,873 \$	7,012,372 \$	5,945,128	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	9,428,197 \$	8,791,579 \$	8,813,523	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		91.64 %	79.76 %	67.45 %	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.06 %	78.40 %	79.82 %	

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AS OF JUNE 30, 2017 LAST 10 YEARS *

		Fiscal Year-End					
		2017		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	1,369,744	\$	1,278,986	\$	1,545,374	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	_	1,369,744	_	1,278,986	_	1,545,374	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$		
Covered - employee payroll	\$	9,307,465	\$	9,428,197	\$	8,791,579	
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		14.72 %		13.57 %		17.58 %	

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors South Tahoe Public Utility District South Lake Tahoe, California

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United Stated, the financial statements of South Tahoe Public Utility District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California October 19, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors South Tahoe Public Utility District South Lake Tahoe, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited South Tahoe Public Utility District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis.

A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California October 19, 2017

Man Out: Nel CPAC

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Passed- Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Pass-through from the California State Water Resources Control Board				
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State	66.468	D15-02052	\$	\$ <u>1,098,593</u>
Revolving Funds	66.458	14-835-550	\$	\$ <u>161,334</u>
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				1,259,927
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Direct Programs:				
USFS Lake Tahoe Erosion Control Grants Cooperative Forestry Assistance Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.690 10.664 10.664	11-DG11051900-025 15-DG11052012-128 16-DG11052012-142	- 313,811 <u>125,310</u>	6,090 409,582 288,289
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			439,121	703,961
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Pass-through from the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services:				
Disaster Declarations Cal OES	97.036	017-UK3T4		501,883
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				501,883
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ <u>439,121</u>	\$ <u>2,465,771</u>

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1: SCOPE OF AUDIT PURSUANT TO UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance provided to South Tahoe Public Utility District under programs of the Federal Government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE 2: REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the District. The District reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the District's financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the schedule. When federal awards were received from a pass-through entity, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards shows, if available, the identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity.

NOTE 3: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Grant and contract revenues are recorded for financial reporting purposes when the District has met the qualifications for the respective grants and contracts.

NOTE 4: CLAIMS

The District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the Federal Government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under the grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

NOTE 5: INDIRECT COSTS

The District elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate, and did not charge indirect costs to federal grants during the year ended June 30, 2017.

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on basic financial statements

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material

weakness? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material

weakness? None reported

No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance?

Major programs are as follows:

CFDA Number Name of Federal Program

66.468 Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No current year findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No current year findings and questioned costs for federal awards as defined in section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance.

SOUTH TAHOE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

There were no findings to report for the year ended June 30, 2016.